

ABSTRACT

The background to the problems of this study is the ineffectiveness of the use of Village Funds in Village Funds in Cinunuk Village, Cileunyi District, Bandung Regency. Based on these problems, the researcher took the following title "The Effect of Supervision on the effectiveness of Village Use (Study in Cinunuk Village, Cileunyi District, Bandung Regency).

To analyze the problem under study, the researcher proposes Hasibuan's theory of ways of supervision from Hasibuan, (2003: 228), namely: direct supervision, indirect supervision, and supervision based on exceptions. While the effectiveness theory is used from Goggin, (1990: 34-35) based on three dimensions, namely the procedural level, objectives / results, and monitoring. The hypothesis is proposed: , the dimensions of direct supervision, indirect supervision, and supervision based on exceptions.

The research method used is the explanatory method using quantitative data analysis. There are data collection techniques: library studies and field studies which include interviews, interviews and observations. The sampling technique used "simple random sampling" with the aim of the Village Apparatus and Village Consultative Body as well as community leaders or family heads. Data analysis and hypothesis testing used Spearman Rank Coefficient, Hypothesis test and coefficient of determination.

The results showed that supervision had a positive and significant effect on the effectiveness of the use of Village Funds. This result is evidenced by the variable effect of supervision by the Village Consultative Council through monitoring methods, as a whole is in a "good" condition. Likewise, the overall effectiveness of the use of Village Funds is in a "sufficient" condition. Thus the results of statistical tests show the correlation (influence) of the two variables X and Y is "strong". This means that H_0 is rejected and H_1 is accepted, which means that the hypothesis is tested empirically.

ABSTRAK

Latarbelakangmasalahpenelitianiniadalahtidak efektivitas PenggunaanDana DesaDana Desa di Desa Cinunuk Kecamatan Cileunyi Kabupaten Bandung. Berdasarkan permasalahan tersebut, peneliti mengambil judul sebagai berikut “Pengaruh Pengawasan terhadap efektivitas Penggunaan Desa (Studi diDesa Cinunuk Kecamatan Cileunyi Kabupaten Bandung).

Untuk menganalisis masalah yang diteliti, peneliti mengajukan teori Hasibuan cara-cara pengawasan dari Hasibuan, (2003:228)yaitu : pengawasan langsung, pengawasan tidak langsung, dan pengawasan berdasarkan kekecualian. Sedangkan teori Efektivitas digunakan dari Goggin, (1990 : 34-35) berdasarkan tiga dimensi yaitu tingkat prosedural, tujuan/hasil, dan pemantauan adapun hipotesis yang diajukan: “ Besarnya Pengaruh pengawasan terhadap efektivitas Penggunaan DesaDana di Desa Cinunuk Kecamatan Cileunyi Kabupaten Bandung di tentukan oleh, dimensi pengawasan langsung, pengawasan tidak langsung, dan pengawasan berdasarkan kekecualian.

Metodepenelitian yang digunakanadalahmetodeEksplanatori dengan menggunakan analisis data kuantitatif.Adapun teknik pengumpulan data :studipustakadanstudilapangan yang meliputiangket, wawancara dan observasi. Teknik pengambilan sample menggunakan “ simple random sampling” dengansasarannya adalah Aparat Desa dan Badan Permusyawaratan Desa serta para Tokoh masyarakat atau Kepala Keluarga.Teknik analisa data dan pengujian hipotesis menggunakan Koefisien Rank Spearman, uji Hipotesis dan koefisien Determinasi.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pengawasan berpengaruh secara positif dan signifikan terhadap efektivitas Penggunaan Dana Desa. Hasil ini dibuktikan dengan variable pengaruh pengawasan oleh Badan Permusyawaratan Desa melalui cara-cara pengawasan, secara keseluruhan berada pada kondisi “baik”. Demikian juga efektivitas enggunaan Dana Desa secara keseluruhan berada pada kondisi “cukup”. Dengan demikian hasil uji statistic memperlihatkan korelasi (pengaruh) keduavariabel X dan Y adalah “kuat” .Artinya Ho ditolak dan H_i diterima yang berarti bahwa hipotesis terujise cara empirik.