

ABSTRACT

The background of this research with the still low community participation in the rehabilitation of drainage in the Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung. The problem is connected with one of the variables that are assumed to be motivating effect on people's participation in the rehabilitation of drainage .. In this study, researchers formulate the problem: "How big is the motivating influence on community participation in the rehabilitation of drainage in the Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung ."

This research is motivated by the low participation in the construction of roads infrastructure in the Sindangpanon village, Banjaran District of Bandung regency. The problem is connected with one of the variables that are assumed to be motivating effect on people's participation in the construction of roads infrastructure. In this study, researchers formulate the problem: "How big is the motivating influence on community participation in participation in the rehabilitation of drainage in the Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung."

To analyze the problem of this study used the motivating theory as a tool of analysis of Engage, principle of communication, recognition principle, principle of delegation of authority, the principle of fair and reasonable and the principle of mutual concern. As for the community participation variables used approach to the theory of Hamijoyo in Simanjuntak, (1989: 49), which are Participation ideas, force participation, participation possessions, social participation. Based approach to these theories, the hypothesis is: "The magnitude of the effect of motivating the community participation in development roads infrastructure in participation in the rehabilitation of drainage in the Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung regency is determined by the implementation dimension Principles Engaging, principle of communication, Principle of recognition, principle of delegation of authority, principle of fair and decent and the principle of mutual concern".

The method used in this research is an explanatory survey method while the source of data collection using literature study and field study with data collection using questionnaires, observation, and interviews. The sampling technique used was simple random sampling. The data analysis technique used is the coefficient of Spearman Rank Correlation

The results of this study show that motivating the Community's Participation in the construction of roads infrastructure in the participation in the rehabilitation of drainage in the Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung regency is very significant. The results proved the hypothesis testing results of research based on the data processing that Hypothesis Testing Based on the results, the results obtained T_{hitung} value of 11.687, then T_{hitung} value compared to the value of T_{table} that is equal to 1.9861, hence H_0 refused and H_i accepted, so the hypothesis filed empirically tested.

Keywords, motivating, Public Participation in Drainage Rehabilitation

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini dilatar belakangi dengan masih rendahnya partisipasi masyarakat dalam rehabilitasi drainase di Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung. Masalah tersebut dihubungkan dengan salah satu variabel pemotivasiyan yang diasumsikan dapat berpengaruh terhadap partisipasi masyarakat dalam rehabilitasi drainase.. Dalam penelitian ini peneliti merumuskan masalah :" Seberapa besar pengaruh Pemotivasiyan terhadap partisipasi masyarakat dalam pelaksanaan rehabilitasi drainase di Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung."

Untuk menganalisis masalah penelitian ini digunakan teori Pemotivasiyan sebagai alat analisis dari Mengikutsertakan, Asas komunikasi, Asas pengakuan , Asas pendelegasian wewenang, asas adil dan layak dan asas perhatian timbal balik. Adapun untuk variabel Partisipasi masyarkat digunakan pendekatan teori dari Hamijoyo dalam Simanjuntak, (1989 : 49) antara lain Partisipasi buah pikiran, Partisipasi tenaga, Partisipasi harta benda, Partisipasi social. Berdasarkan pendekatan teori-teori tersebut, hipotesis yang diajukan adalah : “ Besarnya pengaruh Pemotivasiyan terhadap partisipasi masyarakat dalam pelaksanaan rehabilitasi drainase di Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung. ditentukan oleh pelaksanaan dimensi Asas Mengikutsertakan, Asas komunikasi, Asas pengakuan , Asas pendelegasian wewenang, Asas adil dan layak dan Asas perhatian timbal balik”.

Metode yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode survey eksplanatif (*explanatory survai method*) sedangkan sumber pengumpulan data dengan menggunakan studi kepustakaan dan studi lapangan dengan teknik pengumpulan data mempergunakan angket, observasi, dan wawancara. Teknik penarikan sampel yang digunakan adalah sampel random sederhana (*Simple Random Sampling*). Adapun teknik analisa data yang digunakan adalah koefisien Korelasi Rank Spearman

Hasil penelitian ini, menunjukkan bahwa pemotivasiyan terhadap Partisipasi Masyarakat dalam pelaksanaan rehabilitasi drainase di Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung. yang sangat signifikan. Hasil tersebut dibuktikan dengan hasil pengujian hipotesis penelitian berdasarkan hasil pengolahan data yaitu Berdasarkan hasil Pengujian Hipotesis, didapatkan hasil nilai T_{hitung} sebesar 11,687, selanjutnya nilai T_{hitung} dibandingkan dengan nilai T_{tabel} yaitu sebesar 1,9861, maka H_0 dito rehabilitasi drainase di Kelurahan Sekeloa Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung. lakukan dan H_i diterima,, dengan demikian hipotesis yang diajukan teruji secara empirik

Kata kunci, Pemotivasiyan, Partisipasi Masyarakat dalam Rehabilitasi Drainase